Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulations REACh 1907/2006/EC

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company

1.1 Product identifier

REF 701950
Product name Acylation kit

REACH Registration number(s): see SECTION 3.1/3.2 or
A registration number for the substance(s) does not exist because the annual tonnage does not require registration or the substance or its use is excluded from registration.

2 x 1 mL MBTFA
2 x 1 mL MBHFBA
2 x 1 mL TFAA

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses
Product for analytical use.
Exposure Scenario Classification according REACh, RIP 3.2 Codes: SU 0-2, PC 21, PROC 15, AC 0
The exposure scenario is integrated into sections 1-16.
Uses advised against
not described

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufactured by:
MACHEREY-NAGEL GmbH & Co. KG
Valencienner Str. 11, 52355 Düren, Germany
Phone: +49 2421 969 0 E-mail: sds@mn-net.com (msds@mn-net.com)

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Outside Germany (DE): Call your regional Poisons Information Service or call local Life Saving Service.
DE: Gemeinsames Giftinformationszentrum (GGIZ)
99089 Erfurt tel. +49 361 730 730, **<https://www.ggiz-erfurt.de>**

You find our current versions of SDS in Internet: **<http://www.mn-net.com/SDS>**

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.0 Classification of the complete product according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008



GHS02 GHS05 GHS07

Signal word DANGER

Hazard identification	Hazard classes/categories
H226	Flam. Liq. 3
H302	Acute Tox. 4 oral
H314	Skin Corr. 1B
H332	Acute Tox. 4 inh.
H412	Aquatic Chronic 3
EUH014	Water-react. 1

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008

1 mL TFAA



GHS05 GHS07

Signal word DANGER

Hazard identification	Hazard classes/categories
EUH014	Water-react. 1
H314	Skin Corr. 1B
H332	Acute Tox. 4 inh.
H412	Aquatic Chronic 3

1 mL MBTFA



GHS02 GHS05 GHS07

Signal word DANGER

Hazard identification	Hazard classes/categories
H226	Flam. Liq. 3
H302	Acute Tox. 4 oral
H314US	Skin Corr. 1C
H315	Skin Irrit. 2
H319	Eye Irrit. 2

1 mL MBHFBA



GHS02 GHS07

Signal word WARNING

Hazard identification	Hazard classes/categories
H226	Flam. Liq. 3
H302	Acute Tox. 4 oral
H315	Skin Irrit. 2
H319	Eye Irrit. 2

List of H phrases: see section 16.2

2.2 Label elements according regulation (EC) 1272/2008

According **CLP directive** inner packages must be only labelled with GHS symbol(s) and product identificator(s) (EU 1272/2008 Annex I - 1.5.1.2). Inner packages up to 10 mL need max. 2 symbols (Annex I - 1.5.2.4.1 / 2). Harmful chemicals/mixtures with signal word: **WARNING** and highly flammable chemicals/mixtures must not be labelled with H and P phrases **until 125 mL** (EU 1272/2008 Annex I - 1.5.2).

1 mL TFAA



GHS05 GHS07

Signal word: DANGER
H314, EUH014
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.Reacts violently with water.
P260sh, P280sh, P303+361+353, P305+351+338, P310
Do not breathe dust/vapours.Wear protective gloves/eye protection.IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

1 mL MBTFA



GHS02 GHS05

Signal word: DANGER
H314US
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. (not regulated in EU-CLP)
P260D, P280sh, P303+361+353, P305+351+338, P501
Do not breathe vapours.Wear protective gloves/eye protection.IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.Dispose of contents/container to regulated waste treatment.

1 mL MBHFBA



GHS02 GHS07

Signal word: WARNING

Label elements of the complete product



GHS02 GHS05

Signal word: DANGER
H314, EUH014
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.Reacts violently with water.
P260sh, P280sh, P303+361+353, P305+351+338, P310
Do not breathe dust/vapours.Wear protective gloves/eye protection.IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

2.3 Other hazards

Possible hazards from physicochemical properties
Generally in the case of pH values are less than 2 or higher than 11.5 then it is corrosive. Flammable properties.

Information pertaining to particular risks to human and possible symptoms
Causes varying degrees of acid burns on the skin, to the eyes and to the mucous membranes and wounds which do not heal quickly depending on the concentration, temperature and the exposure time. Vapours especially which steam from hot liquids and mist can have a severe irritant effect upon the eyes and the respiratory organs.
Cause after oral intake, impairments of health when ingested in small quantities.

Information pertaining to particular risks to the environment
Avoid contact of substance/mixture to environment.
PBT: not applicable
vPvB: not applicable

Possible endocrine disrupting effects
no data available

SECTION 3: Composition / information on ingredients

3.1 Substances or 3.2 Mixtures

1 mL TFAA

Substance name: *trifluoroacetic anhydride (TFAA)*
CAS No.: 407-25-0

Substance rating: H314, Skin Corr. 1A, H332, Acute Tox. 4 inh., H412, Aquatic Chronic 3, EUH014, Water-react. 1
Formula: $C_4F_6O_3$
Pseudonym (de): Trifluoroacetic anhydride
REACH Reg. No.: 01-2119960260-46-xxxx
EC No.: 206-982-9 Indice No.: (607-091-00-1)
Concentration: 95 - <100 %
acc. CLP (GHS): H314, Skin Corr. 1B, H332, Acute Tox. 4 inh., H412, Aquatic Chronic 3, EUH014, Water-react. 1

1 mL MBTFA

Substance name: *N-methyl-bis(trifluoroacetamide) (MBTFA)*
CAS No.: 685-27-8

Substance rating: H226, Flam. Liq. 3, H302, Acute Tox. 4 oral, H314US, Skin Corr. 1B, H315, Skin Irrit. 2, H319, Eye Irrit. 2
Formula: $C_5H_3F_6NO_2$
Pseudonym (de): MBTFA
EC No.: 211-680-5
Concentration: 95 - <100 %
acc. CLP (GHS): H226, Flam. Liq. 3, H302, Acute Tox. 4 oral, H314US, Skin Corr. 1C, H315, Skin Irrit. 2, H319, Eye Irrit. 2

1 mL MBHFBA

Substance name: *N-methyl-bis(heptafluorobutyramide) (MBHFBA)*
CAS No.: 73980-71-9

Substance rating: H226, Flam. Liq. 3, H302, Acute Tox. 4 oral, H315, Skin Irrit. 2, H319, Eye Irrit. 2
Formula: $C_9H_3F_{14}NO_2$
Pseudonym (de): MBHFBA
Concentration: 95 - <100 %
acc. CLP (GHS): H226, Flam. Liq. 3, H302, Acute Tox. 4 oral, H315, Skin Irrit. 2, H319, Eye Irrit. 2

3.3 Remarks

When not listed, mixtures are added with water [CAS No. 7732-18-5] to 100%.List of H and P phrases: see section 16.2.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Place insured person out of danger zone to fresh air immediately. Ensure quiet, warmth, and provide resuscitation if necessary. If necessary contact medical advice. Remove contaminated clothing. Show product package, packing insert and this material safety data sheet to the doctor.

4.1.1 After SKIN Contact

Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Rinse the affected skin or mucous membrane thoroughly for min. 15 minutes under running water. (If possible) use soap. Avoid neutralisation. Then apply a loose bandage.

4.1.2 After EYE Contact

After contact with the eyes rinse thoroughly under running water with the eyelid wide open for min. 10 minutes with eye washing bottle, eye douche or running water (protect intact eye). Before (if possible) apply eye drops Proxymetacaine 0.5%, if the opening the eyelid convulsion is painful. Further treatment to be carried out by an eye specialist.

4.1.3 After INHALATION of vapours

After inhalation of foam or vapour fresh air should be inhaled. Keep airways free. If vomiting and if insensible place patient in recovery position and keep airways free. ---

4.1.4 After ORAL Intake

After oral intake lots of water with activated charcoal supplement should be drunk after it has been ingested. Do not induce vomiting under any circumstances. Do not make any efforts to neutralise it. Contact medical advice for possible consequences.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Rapid penetration and destruction of the skin. Especially in the heated form.
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

CORROSIVE DAMAGE: After SKIN CONTACT rinse with water for a long time. Efforts to neutralise the substance can frequently make matters worse. Apply glucocorticosteroides following inflammatory reactions. After EYE CONTACT rinse immediately with plenty of water for a long time. Eyelid convulsion measures. Name the corrosive chemical. Further treatment must to be carried out by an eye specialist. After INTAKE administer aluminium oxide drug suspensions. Administer a prophylaxis to counter pulmonary oedema following the INGESTION of corrosive aerosols. In the event of RESPIRATORY DISTREES ensure that the patient inhales oxygen. ---

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

5.1.1 Suitable extinguishing media
Fire extinguishers appropriate to the fire classification, and, if applicable, a fire blanket must be available in a prominent location in the work area. All extinguishers like FOAM, WATER SPRAY, DRY POWDER, CARBON DIOXIDE can be used.

5.1.2 Unsuitable extinguishing media
no data available

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

WARNING: Flammable (GHS regulation). May form explosive vapour-air mixtures. Formation of hazardous and caustic vapour-air mixtures possible.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

No, for listed product.Product package burns like paper or plastic. Spray any vapours released with water. Retent fire water. Use only acid-resistant safety equipment.
For great amount - if necessary - protective breathing apparatus which is independent of the ambient air (isolated equipment), and sealed protective clothing is necessary in the event of a large-scale formation of toxic substances.

5.4 Additional information

Danger for environment **only in the event of a large-scale leakage** or formation of hazardous substances.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Do not breathe vapours. Wear suitable protective gloves (see 8.2.2). Wear eye protection, respectively face protection. Regular staff training is necessary, indicating hazards and precautions on the basis of operating instructions. Restrictions on activity must be observed.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid contact of substance/mixture to environment.
PBT: not applicable
vPvB: not applicable

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Bind any escaping liquid with inert absorbent. And dispose in accordance to local regulations for the disposal of hazardous chemicals.
Clean any contaminated equipment and floors with plenty of water.
Collect small amounts of leaked liquid and flush with water into drains.

6.4 Reference to other sections

see information in section 5.4,7,8 and 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Handling in accordance with the test instruction, that comes with the product.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Safe storage is guaranteed in the original packaging . Storage class (German chemical industry): see chapter 12.1

Storage class (VCI): 8B
Water hazard class (DE): 2

7.2.1 Requirements for stock rooms and containers

Keep original product packages tightly closed during handling and storage. Use inbreakable container for transport of glass bottles.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Product for analytical use.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls /personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

1 mL TFAA
Chemical: *trifluoroacetic anhydride (TFAA)* CAS No.: 407-25-0
NIOSH: not listed
[TWA] Time-weighted average to a reference period of 8 hours, [STEL] Short-term exposure limit related to a 15-minute period
OSHA: not listed

1 mL MBTFA
Chemical: *N-methyl-bis(trifluoroacetamide) (MBTFA)* CAS No.: 685-27-8

1 mL MBHFBA
Chemical: *N-methyl-bis(heptafluorobutyramide) (MBHFBA)* CAS No.: 73980-71-9

8.2 Exposure controls

Good ventilation and extraction system in the room, floor resistant to chemicals with floor drainage and washing facilities. The highest level of cleanliness must be maintained at the workplace.

8.2.1 Respiratory protection

No additional recommendations.

8.2.2 Skin protection / Hand protection

Yes, gloves according EN 374 (permeation time >30 min - level 2), consist of PVC (f.ex. from Ansell or KCL). Use for short times chemical resistant latex or nitril gloves with code EN 374-3 level 1.

8.2.3 Eye / Face Protection

Yes, safety glasses according EN 166 with integrated side shields or wrap-around protection or face protection.

8.2.4 Skin protection

Recommended to avoid clothing damage, and to avoid contamination with these hazards.

8.2.5 Personal hygiene

Eating, drinking, smoking, taking snuff and storage of food in work areas and at outdoor workplaces is prohibited. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Rinse any clothing on which the substance has been spilled, and soak it in water. Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water when stopping work and before eating, and then apply protective skin cream.

8.2.6 Thermal hazards

no data available

8.3 Limitation and monitoring of environmental exposure

Do not release product into environment.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

1 mL TFAA

a) State of aggregation:	liquid
b) Colour:	colourless
c) Odor:	penetrative
d) Melting point:	-65 °C
e) Boiling point:	40 °C
f) Flammability:	no data available
g) Explosive limits (lower / upper):	no data available
h) Flash point:	no data available
i) Flashing temperature:	no data available
j) Decomposition temperature:	no data available

k) pH value:	< 2
l) Kinematic viscosity:	no data available
m) Solubility in water:	instable %
n) Dispersion coefficient $_{(o/w)}$:	no data available
o) Vapour pressure (20°C):	no data available
p) Specific gravity:	1,51 g/cm³
q) Relative vapour density $_{(air=1)}$:	no data available
r) Particle size:	no data available

1 mL MBTFA

a) State of aggregation:	liquid
b) Colour:	colourless
c) Odor:	penetrative
d) Melting point:	no data available
e) Boiling point:	124 °C
f) Flammability:	no data available
g) Explosive limits (lower / upper):	no data available
h) Flash point:	42 °C
i) Flashing temperature:	no data available
j) Decomposition temperature:	no data available
k) pH value:	< 2
l) Kinematic viscosity:	no data available
m) Solubility in water:	no data available
n) Dispersion coefficient $_{(o/w)}$:	no data available
o) Vapour pressure (20°C):	no data available
p) Specific gravity:	1,55 g/cm³
q) Relative vapour density $_{(air=1)}$:	no data available
r) Particle size:	no data available

1 mL MBHFBA

a) State of aggregation:	liquid
b) Colour:	colourless
c) Odor:	penetrative
d) Melting point:	no data available
e) Boiling point:	157-166 °C
f) Flammability:	no data available
g) Explosive limits (lower / upper):	no data available
h) Flash point:	42 °C
i) Flashing temperature:	no data available
j) Decomposition temperature:	no data available
k) pH value:	< 2
l) Kinematic viscosity:	no data available
m) Solubility in water:	no data available
n) Dispersion coefficient $_{(o/w)}$:	no data available
o) Vapour pressure (20°C):	no data available
p) Specific gravity:	1,673 g/cm³
q) Relative vapour density $_{(air=1)}$:	no data available
r) Particle size:	no data available

9.2 Other information

No data is available for the other parameters for the mixtures, since no registration and no chemical safety report is required.
Properties relevant to substance groups
Substances are highly corrosive.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Strong CORROSIVE, . Reacts with water (sometimes violent) and diverse organic compounds. no further data available.

10.2 Chemical stability

no known instability.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Can react violently with organic material. No further data available.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

No more required.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with strong acids or alkalines.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

In the original package all parts/all reagents are safety and separated stored. Decompositions are not observed during the expiration period under recommended conditions.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on the hazard classes according regulation (EC) 1272/2008

Following information is valid for pure substances. Quantitative data on the toxicity of this product are not available.

1 mL TFAA

Chemical: *trifluoroacetic anhydride (TFAA)* CAS No.: 407-25-0
TSCA Inventory: listed for R&D California Proposition 65 List: not listed
Target Organs: affect the eye or visual capacity
Symptoms: conjunctivitis; corneal damage
Australia NICNAS: not listed Canada CEPA 1999: DSL Yes
Japan CSCL/PRTR: not listed, Japan PDSCL: not listed
Japan ISHL: not listed
South Korea TCCA: not listed
Korea Exist.Chem.Inventory: KE-34234
Acute Effects: Cause after skin contact, impairments of health when ingested in small quantities.

1 mL MBTFA

Chemical: *N-methyl-bis(trifluoroacetamide) (MBTFA)* CAS No.: 685-27-8
TSCA Inventory: not listed
Acute Effects: Cause after oral intake, impairments of health when ingested in small quantities.

1 mL MBHFBA

Chemical: *N-methyl-bis(heptafluorobutyramide) (MBHFBA)* CAS No.: 73980-71-9
TSCA Inventory: not listed
Acute Effects: Cause after oral intake, impairments of health when ingested in small quantities.

11.2 Other hazards

Possible endocrine disrupting effects
no data available

Other information
no additional data available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Following information is valid for pure substances.

1 mL TFAA

Chemical: *trifluoroacetic anhydride (TFAA)* CAS No.: 407-25-0
Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Avoid contact of substance/mixture to environment.
Environmental hazards must not be labelled with P phrases until 125 mL (EU 1272/2008 Annex I - 1.5.2).
Water hazard class (DE): 2 WGK No.: (729)
Storage class (VCI): 8 B

1 mL MBTFA

Chemical: *N-methyl-bis(trifluoroacetamide) (MBTFA)* CAS No.: 685-27-8
Water hazard class (DE): 1
Storage class (VCI): 12

1 mL MBHFBA
Chemical: *N-methyl-bis(heptafluorobutyramide) (MBHFBA)* CAS No.: 73980-71-9
Water hazard class (DE): 1
Storage class (VCI): 12

12.2 Persistence and degradability
not necessary

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential
not necessary

12.4 Mobility in soil
not necessary

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties
no data available

12.7 Other adverse effects
no additional data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations
Please observe local regulations for collection and disposal of hazardous waste and contact waste disposal company, where you will obtain information on laboratory waste disposal (waste code number 16 05 06).

13.1 Waste treatment methods
Normally it is possible to empty small amounts (diluted!) into drains. Empty containers of corrosive reagents prior to disposal, rinse with water.

SECTION 14: Transport information
14.1 - 14.4: No dangerous goods according the transport regulations because

for amounts until 5 pc. à 20x 1 mL per fibre box
De Minimis (excepted quantities: ≤1 mL/∑≤100 mL) = ADR 3.5.1.4
De Minimis (excepted quantities: ≤1 mL/∑≤100 mL) = IATA DRG 2.6.10

14.5 Environmental hazards
none, contains only small quantities of hazardous substances, contains only small amounts of these substances

14.6 Special precautions for user
not necessary

14.7 Carriage in bulk by sea in accordance with IMO instruments
Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
Dangerous Substances Protection Act (DE: Chemikaliengesetz - ChemG), Aug 2013, Stand: Okt 2020
Ordinance on protection against dangerous substances (E: Gefahrstoffverordnung - GefStoffV), Nov 2010, Stand: Mrz 2017
TRGS 201, Classification and labeling of activities involving hazardous substances, Feb 2017
TRGS 220, National aspects when preparing safety data sheets, Jan 2017
TRGS 400, Risk assessment for activities involving hazardous substances, Jul 2017
TRGS 401, Skin contact hazard - identification, assessment, action, Jun 2008, status: Feb 2011
BekGS 408, Application of the GefStoffV and the TRGS with the entry into force of the CLP regulation, December 2009, status: Jan 2012
TRGS 500, Protective measures, Mai 2008
TRGS 510, Storage of hazardous substances in portable containers from March 2013, status: Oct 2015

Wasserhaushaltsgesetz - WHG, Section 3 Handling substances hazardous to water, Jul 2009, status: Aug 2016
MN leaflet/instructions for use, also at www.mn-net.com
If necessary, observe other country-specific regulations.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

not necessary for these small amounts

SECTION 16: Other information

16.1 Changes compared to the last version

in preparation

16.2 List of H and P phrases

16.2.1 List of relevant H phrases

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H314US	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. (not regulated in EU-CLP)
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH014	Reacts violently with water.

16.2.2 List of relevant P phrases

P260sh	Do not breathe dust/vapours.
P280sh	Wear protective gloves/eye protection.
P303+361+353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].
P305+351+338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

16.3 Recommended restriction on use

Only for professional user.
Look about employee restrictions for young people (f. ex. 94/33/EC or DE § 22 JArbSchG)!
Look about employee restrictions for pregnant women and nursing women (f.ex. 92/85/EEC or for DE §§ 11-13 MuSchG 2017)!
An individual package of this product or test kit has a moderate hazardous potential.

16.4 Sources of key data

KÜHN, BIRETT, Leaflets on hazardous materials, 2021
Directive 1999/92/EG Minimum requirements to improve the safety and health protection of workers at risk from potentially explosive atmospheres
SUVA .CH, limit values in the air at work 2009, revised on 01/2009
Regulation 790/2009/EU, adaptation of Regulation 1272/2008/EU to technical and scientific progress (1st ATP)
Regulation 453/2010/EU, adaptation of the REACH regulation 1907/2006/EG
Regulation 487/2013/EU, adaptation of regulation 1272/2008/EG to technical and scientific progress (4th ATP)
Regulation 1221/2015/EU, adaptation of regulation 1272/2008/EG to technical and scientific progress (7th ATP)
Regulation 776/2017/EU, adaptation of regulation 1272/2008/EG to technical and scientific progress (10th ATP)

Regulation 669/2018/EU, adaptation of Regulation 1272/2008/EC to technical and scientific progressText (11th ATP)
Regulation 1480/2018/EU, adaptation of regulation 1272/2008/EG to technical and scientific progress (13th ATP)
Regulation 521/2019/EU, adaptation of regulation 1272/2008/EG to technical and scientific progress (12th ATP)
TRGS 900, German rules of technology on limit values in the air at work, as of 03/2019
Regulation 217/2020/EU, adaptation of Annex VI, Part 3, of Regulation 1272/2008/EC to technical and scientific progress (14th ATP)
Regulation 878/2020/EU, adaptation of Annex II of the REACH regulation 1907/2006/EG
Regulation 1182/2020/EU, adaptation of Annex VI, Part 3, of Regulation 1272/2008/EC to technical and scientific progress (15th ATP)
Regulation 643/2021/EU, adaptation of Annex VI, Part 1, of Regulation 1272/2008/EC to technical and scientific progress (16th ATP)
Regulation 849/2021/EU, adaptation of Annex VI, Part 3, of Regulation 1272/2008/EC to technical and scientific progress (17th ATP)

revisions/updates

Reason for revision: *2014-02 Corrected structure of the sections according to Regulation 453/2010/EU, if necessary*
2014-04 adjustment according Regulation 487/2013/EU
2016-03 adjustment according Regulation 1221/2015/EU

2017-11 adjustment according the ECHA registration dossier
2022-11 adjustment according Regulation 878/2020/EU

16.5 Further information

MACHEREY-NAGEL GmbH & Co. KG provides the information contained herein in good faith being up-to-date of own realizations at revision time. This document is intended only as a guide to the appropriate precautionary handling of the material by a properly trained person using this product. Individuals receiving the information must exercise their independent judgement in determining its appropriateness for a particular purpose.
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16.6 Legend / Abbreviations

acc:	according
ADR:	Convention concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
Act:	acute
BAT:	biological workplace tolerance value
CAO:	Cargo Aircraft Only
Carc:	carcinogen
CAS:	Chemical Abstracts Service
CLP:	Classification, Labelling and Packaging regulation
CMR:	carcinogen, mutagen, reproduction toxic
Corr:	corrosive
COD:	chemical oxigen demand
CSCL:	Chemical Substance Control Law (Jp)
Dam:	damage
DNEL:	Derived No-Effect Level (for workers)
derm:	dermal
dog:	dog
EC10:	Concentration causing a toxic effect in 10% of the test organisms
EC:	European Community
EC-Nr:	Substance number of the EC substance inventory
EmS:	Guide to accident management measures on ships
EU:	European Union
fish:	fish (not spezified)
GHS:	Global Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals
gpg:	guinea pig
ICAO:	International Civil Aviation Organization
ihl:	inhaled
IMDG:	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
intrav:	intravenous
ipt:	intraperitonaeal
ISHL:	Industrial Safety and Health Law (Jp)
LC50:	letale concentration 50%
LD50:	letale dosis 50%
leuciscus idus:	fisch, ide, orfe
MAK:	maximum workplace concentration
Met:	Metall
mus:	mouse
Muta:	mutagen
NIOSH:	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (US)
NRD:	Non-rapidly degradable
onchorhynchus mykiss:	fish, rainbow trout
orl:	oral
OSHA:	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
PAX:	transport on passenger planes allowed
PBT:	persistent, bioaccumulating, toxic substance
pH:	pH value
pimephales promelas:	fish, fathead minnow
PNEC:	Predicted No Effected Concentration
PROC 15:	Process category 'for laboratory use'
PRTR:	Law for PRTR and Promotion of Chemical Management (Jp)
PVC:	polyvinyl chloride
quail:	bird, quail
rat:	rat
rbt:	rabbit
RD:	rapidly degradable
RE:	repeated
REACh:	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

REF:	item number, reference number
Reg.No.:	rRegistration number
Repr:	harmful to reproduction
Resp:	respiratory
RIP:	REACH Implementations Projects
scu:	sub cutan
SDS:	safety data sheet
Sens:	sensitisation
STEL:	short term exposure limit
STOT:	Specific Target Organ Toxicity
SVHC:	Substance of Very High Concern
t/a:	tons per year
TCCA:	Toxic Chemicals Control Act (S. Korea)
Tox:	toxic
TSCA:	The Toxic Substances Control Act (US)
TWA:	time weighted average
TRGS:	technical regulations (DE)
vPvB:	very persistent, very bioaccumulating substance

16.7 Training advice

Regular safety training. Multiple safety training of staffs about danger and protection by using hazards in working area. Additionally training and introduction of staffs for using these products.